

ECO165SL Series Mechanical Bearing, Ball-Screw Stage

HARDWARE MANUAL

Revision 2.00



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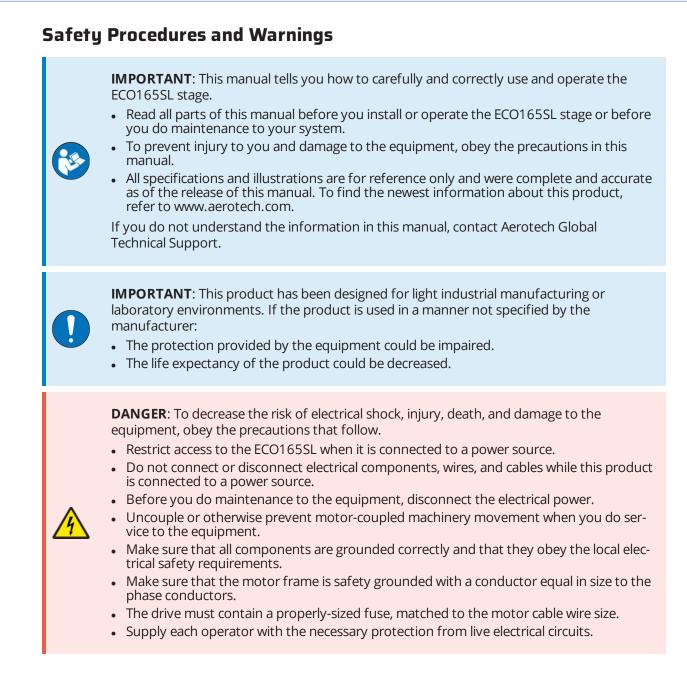
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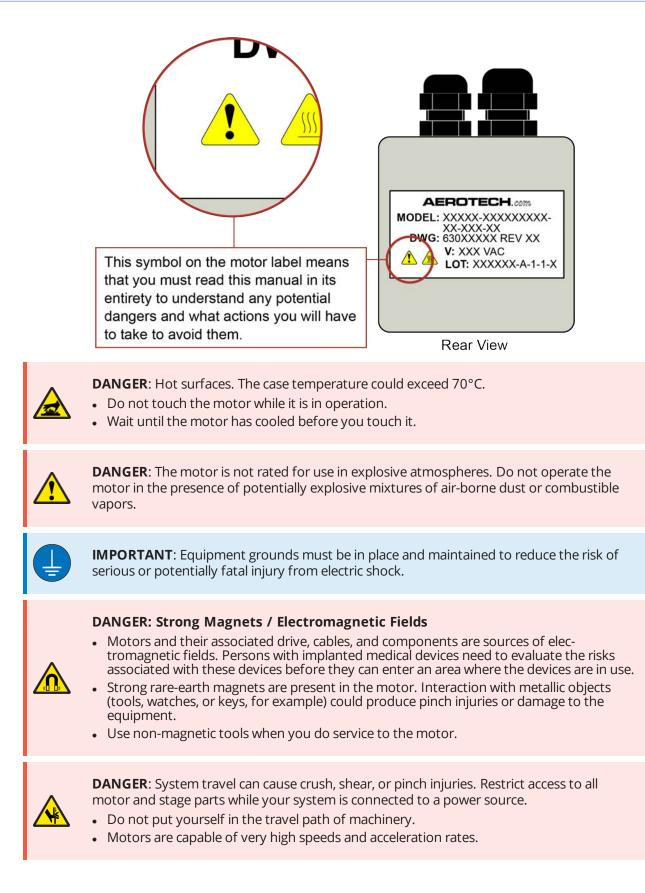
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WARNING: To decrease the risk of damage to the equipment, you must obey the precautions that follow

- Only trained operators should operate this equipment.
- All service and maintenance must be done by approved personnel.
- Use this product only in environments and operating conditions that are approved in this manual.
- Never install or operate equipment that appears to be damaged.
- On stages with BMS motors: the motor over-temperature sensor must be monitored by the drive. Use it to shut down the drive if the motor overheats.
- Make sure that the product is securely mounted before you operate it.
- Use care when you move the ECO165SL or you could negatively affect the performance of it.

<u>~</u>

WARNING: Securely mount and position all system cables.

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EU Declaration of Incorporation

Aerotech, Inc. 101 Zeta Drive Pittsburgh, PA 15238-2811 USA

herewith declares that the product:

ECO165SL Linear Stage

is intended to be incorporated into machinery to constitute machinery covered by the Directive 2006/42/EC as amended;

and that the following harmonized European standards have been applied:

EN ISO 12100:2010 Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design EN 60204-1:2010 Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements

and further more declares that

it is not allowed to put the equipment into service until the machinery into which it is to be incorporated or of which it is to be a component has been found and declared to be in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 2006/42/EC and with national implementing legislation, for example, as a whole, including the equipment referred to in this Declaration.

This is to certify that the aforementioned product is in accordance with the applicable requirements of the following directive(s):

6/8/2021

2011/65/EU EU 2015/863 RoHS 2 Directive Amendment RoHS 3 Directive

Authorized Representative

Engineer Verifying

Compliance

Date

hannal

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Chapter 1: Overview

Table 1-1: Model Numbers and Ordering Options ECO165SL Mechanical-Bearing Screw-Driven Linear Stage Travel -050 50 mm travel stage -100 100 mm travel stage -150 150 mm travel stage -200 200 mm travel stage -250 250 mm travel stage -300 300 mm travel stage -400 400 mm travel stage -500 500 mm travel stage -600 600 mm travel stage Tabletop (Optional) Tabletop with metric dimension mounting -TT1 -TT2 Tabletop with English dimension mounting -TT3 Accessory tabletop with mounting for select rotary stages Motor (Optional) -M1 BMS100 Brushless Servomotor and 2500-Line TTL Encoder BMS100 Brushless Servomotor, 2500-Line TTL Encoder, and Brake -M2 -M3 BMS100 Brushless Servomotor and 1000-Line 1 Vpp Encoder BMS100 Brushless Servomotor, 1000-Line 1 Vpp Encoder, and Brake -M4 -M5 BM130 Brushless Servomotor and 2500-Line TTL Encoder -M6 BM130 Brushless Servomotor, 2500-Line TTL Encoder, and Brake -M7 BM130 Brushless Servomotor and 1000-Line 1 Vpp Encoder -M8 BM130 Brushless Servomotor, 1000-Line 1 Vpp Encoder, and Brake -M9 SM100 High Voltage Stepper Motor -M10 SM100 High Voltage Stepper Motor and Brake Foldback (Optional)

Foldback Kit for .250 Inch Diameter Shaft NEMA 23 Motor

Foldback Kit for .375 Inch Diameter Shaft NEMA 23 Motor

Bottom cable exit (optional orientation)

Top cable exit (optional orientation)

Left side cable exit (standard orientation)

Right side cable exit (optional orientation) Right side foldback (standard orientation)

Left side foldback (optional orientation)

Foldback Kit with Brake for .250 Inch Diameter Shaft NEMA 23 Motor

Foldback Kit with Brake for .375 Inch Diameter Shaft NEMA 23 Motor

-FB1

-FB2

-FB3 -FB4

-2 -3

-4

-5

-8 -12

Motor Orientation (Optional)

ECO165SL Mechanical-Bearing Screw-Driven Linear Stage (continued)				
Limits (Required)				
-LI1	Normally-closed limit switches, 5 VDC with 9-pin D connector			
-LI2	Normally-open limit switches, 5 VDC with 9-pin D connector			
Coupling (Option	al)			
-CP1	Coupling for 0.250 in diameter shaft			
-CP2	Coupling for 0.375 in diameter shaft			
Lifting Hardware	(Optional)			
-LF	Lifting hardware			
	only available on travels 400 mm and greater; lifting should never by ordered on the upper-axis of			
an XY set (only order				
Metrology (Requi				
-PLO	No Metrology Performance Plots			
-PL1	Uncalibrated with Performance Plots			
-PL2	Calibrated with Performance Plots			
Accessories (order	red as a separate line item)			
ALIGN-NPA	Non-precision XY assembly			
ALIGN-NPAZ	Non-precision XZ or YZ assembly			
ALIGN-PA10	XY assembly; 10 arc sec orthogonality; alignment to within 7 μ m orthogonality for short travel stages			
ALIGN-PA10Z	XZ or YZ assembly with L-bracket; 10 arc second orthogonality; alignment to within 10 μm orthogonality for short travel stages			
ALIGN-PA5	XY assembly; 5 arc sec orthogonality; alignment to within 3 μ m orthogonality for short travel stages			
ALIGN-PA5Z	XZ or YZ assembly with L-bracket; 5 arc second orthogonality; alignment to within 5 μm orthogonality for short travel stages			
	Right angle L-bracket for 50 mm, 100 mm, and 150 mm travels only;			
HDZ165	NOTE : Requires a tabletop when mounting to an ECO series stage			

1.1. Environmental Specifications



WARNING: Do not expose this product to environments or conditions outside of the listed specifications. You could damage the equipment if you exceed the environmental or operating specifications.

Table 1-2: Env	ironmental Specifications
Ambient	Operating: 10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F)
Temperature	The optimal operating temperature is 20° C $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C (68° F $\pm 4^{\circ}$ F). If at any time the operating temperature deviates from 20° C degradation in performance could occur.
	Storage: 0° to 40° C (32° to 104° F) in original shipping packaging
Humidity	Operating: 20% to 60% RH
	Storage: 10% to 70% RH, non-condensing in original packaging.
	The stage should be packaged with desiccant if it is to be stored for an extended time.
Altitude	Operating: 0 m to 2,000 m (0 ft to 6,562 ft) above sea level
	Contact Aerotech if your specific application involves use above 2,000 m or below sea level.
Vibration	Use the system in a low vibration environment. Excessive floor or acoustical vibration can affect system performance. Contact Aerotech for information regarding your specific application.
Protection Rating	The ECO165SL stages have an ingress protection rating of IP10.
Use	Indoor use only

1.2. Accuracy and Temperature Effects

The accuracy specification of ECO165SL series stages is measured 25 mm above the table with the stage in an unloaded condition. The stage is assumed to be fully supported by a mounting surface meeting or exceeding the specification in Section 2.3.

The accuracy of the screw is a key element in the overall positioning accuracy of the SL stage. A scale error can be expected if temperature of the screw differs from 20° C (68° F). The greater the temperature difference, the greater the error. The temperature of the screw depends on the speed and duty cycle of the stage. The faster the movement and higher the duty cycle, the more the stage accuracy will be affected by heat. The thermal expansion coefficient of the screw is 11.7 ppm/°C.

1.3. Basic Specifications

Resolution is dependent on screw pitch, encoder resolution, and controller interpolation.

Table 1-3:	ECO165SL	Series 9	Specifications ((-050 to -250)
Tubic 1 5.	LCOIOSSE	501105	specifications	

Table 1-3: ECUT	OSSL Series	<u> </u>	s (-050 to -250	-			
		-050	-100	-150	-200	-250	
Travel		50 mm	100 mm	150 mm	200 mm	250 mm	
Accuracy ⁽¹⁾	Standard	±6 μm	±6 μm	±8 μm	±8 μm	±9 μm	
recuracy	Calibrated	±1 μm	±1.25 μm	±1.5 μm	±1.75 μm	±2 μm	
Resolution			0.2	μm ⁽²⁾ , 0.75 μm	(3)		
(Minimum Incremen	,		0.2	. μπ , 0.75 μm			
Bidirectional Repeat	ability ⁽¹⁾	±4 μm	±4 μm	±4 μm	±4.5 μm	±4.5 μm	
Straightness ⁽¹⁾		±2 μm	±3 μm	±4 μm	±5 μm	±6 μm	
Flatness ⁽¹⁾		±2 μm	±3 μm	±4 μm	±5 μm	±6 μm	
Pitch		35 µrad	40 µrad	40 µrad	50 µrad	60 µrad	
PIICH		(7.2 arc sec)	(8.3 arc sec)	(8.3 arc sec)	(10.3 arc sec	(12.4 arc sec	
Roll		35 µrad	40 µrad	40 µrad	50 µrad	60 µrad	
KUII		(7.2 arc sec)	(8.3 arc sec)	(8.3 arc sec)	(10.3 arc sec)	(12.4 arc sec	
Yaw		35 µrad	40 µrad	40 µrad	50 µrad	60 µrad	
IdW		(7.2 arc sec)	(8.3 arc sec)	(8.3 arc sec)	(10.3 arc sec)	(12.4 arc sec	
Maximum Speed ⁽⁴⁾				300 m/s	•	•	
Maximum Accelerat	ion ⁽⁴⁾	Function	of motor, ampl	ifier, payload, a	nd maximum a	kial load	
	Horizontal	45 kg					
Load Capacity ⁽⁵⁾	Vertical	25 kg					
i J	(Axial)						
	Side	45 kg					
Moving Mass with ta				2.8 kg	-	-	
Stage Mass with no	motor	5.4 kg	5.8 kg	6.3 kg	6.8 kg	7.3 kg	
Material	aterial Anodized Aluminum						
Mean Time Before Failure 20,000 Hours							
1. Certified with -PL1 a	nd -PL2 option.						

1. Certified with -PL1 and -PL2 option.

2. Achieved with Aerotech rotary motor with amplified sine encoder.

3. Achieved with Aerotech rotary motor with 2500 counts/rev digital encoder.

4. Requires the selection of an applicable amplifier with sufficient voltage and current.

5. Axis orientation for on-axis loading is listed.

6. Specifications are for single-axis systems measured 25 mm above the tabletop; performance of multi-axis system is

payload and workpoint dependent. Consult the Aerotech factory for multi-axis or non-standard applications.

7. Specifications listed are non-foldback kit options. Contact the factory for specifications when a foldback kit (-FBx) is used.

	-300	-400	-500	-600		
Travel		400 mm	500 mm	600 mm		
Standard	±38 μm	±43 μm	±45 μm	±48 μm		
Calibrated	±5.5 μm	±6 μm	±6 μm	±7 μm		
		$0.2 \mu m^{(2)}$) 75 µm ⁽³⁾	•		
ntal Motion)	υ.2 μπι -, υ.75 μπι -,					
tability ⁽¹⁾	±4.5 μm	±5 μm	±5 μm	±5 μm		
	±7 μm	±9 µm	±11 μm	±13 μm		
	±7 μm	±9 μm	±11 μm	±13 μm		
	65 µrad	80 µrad	95 µrad	110 µrad		
	(13.4 arc sec)	(16.5 arc sec)	(19.6 arc sec)	(22.7 arc sec)		
	65 µrad	80 µrad	95 µrad	110 µrad		
	(13.4 arc sec)	(16.5 arc sec)	(19.6 arc sec)	(22.7 arc sec)		
	65 µrad	80 µrad	95 µrad	110 µrad		
	(13.4 arc sec)	(16.5 arc sec)	(19.6 arc sec)	(22.7 arc sec)		
		300 ו	m/s			
tion ⁽⁴⁾	Function of r	notor, amplifier, pay	load, and maximur	n axial load		
Horizontal	45 kg					
Vertical (Axial)	25 kg					
Side	45 kg					
abletop	2.8 kg					
motor	7.8 kg	8.7 kg	9.7 kg	10.6 kg		
	Anodized Aluminum					
ailure	20,000 Hours					
	Calibrated ntal Motion) tability ⁽¹⁾ tion ⁽⁴⁾ Horizontal Vertical (Axial) Side abletop motor	300 mm Standard ±38 μm Calibrated ±5.5 μm ntal Motion) ±5.5 μm tability ⁽¹⁾ ±4.5 μm ±7 μm ±7 μm 65 μrad (13.4 arc sec) Vertical (13.4 arc sec) Vertical (13.4 arc sec) Side abletop motor 7.8 kg	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c } \hline 300 \mm & 400 \mm \\ \hline 300 \mm & \pm 43 \mm & \pm 43 \mm & \ 143 \mm & \ 164 \mm & $	300 mm400 mm500 mmStandard $\pm 38 \ \mu m$ $\pm 43 \ \mu m$ $\pm 45 \ \mu m$ Calibrated $\pm 5.5 \ \mu m$ $\pm 6 \ \mu m$ $\pm 6 \ \mu m$ tability $\pm 5.5 \ \mu m$ $\pm 6 \ \mu m$ $\pm 6 \ \mu m$ ntal Motion) $2 \ \mu m^{(2)}, 0.75 \ \mu m^{(3)}$ tability (1) $\pm 4.5 \ \mu m$ $\pm 5 \ \mu m$ $\pm 7 \ \mu m$ $\pm 9 \ \mu m$ $\pm 11 \ \mu m$ $\pm 7 \ \mu m$ $\pm 9 \ \mu m$ $\pm 11 \ \mu m$ $\pm 7 \ \mu m$ $\pm 9 \ \mu m$ $\pm 11 \ \mu m$ $\pm 6 \ \mu rad$ $80 \ \mu rad$ $95 \ \mu rad$ (13.4 arc sec)(16.5 arc sec)(19.6 arc sec) $65 \ \mu rad$ $80 \ \mu rad$ $95 \ \mu rad$ (13.4 arc sec)(16.5 arc sec)(19.6 arc sec) $65 \ \mu rad$ $80 \ \mu rad$ $95 \ \mu rad$ (13.4 arc sec)(16.5 arc sec)(19.6 arc sec) $10 \ M^{-1}$ Function of motor, amplifier, payload, and maximur $10 \ M^{-1}$ Function of motor, amplifier, payload, and maximurHorizontal $25 \ kg$ Side $45 \ kg$ abletop $2.8 \ kg$ motor $7.8 \ kg$ $8.7 \ kg$ $8.7 \ kg$ $9.7 \ kg$		

Table 1-4: ECO165SL Series Specifications (-300 to -600)

1. Certified with -PL1 and -PL2 option.

2. Achieved with Aerotech rotary motor with amplified sine encoder.

3. Achieved with Aerotech rotary motor with 2500 counts/rev digital encoder.

4. Requires the selection of an applicable amplifier with sufficient voltage and current.

5. Axis orientation for on-axis loading is listed.

6. Specifications are for single-axis systems measured 25 mm above the tabletop; performance of multi-axis system is payload and workpoint dependent. Consult the Aerotech factory for multi-axis or non-standard applications.

7. Specifications listed are non-foldback kit options. Contact the factory for specifications when a foldback kit (-FBx) is used.

1.4. Vacuum Operation

There are two vacuum preparation options:

- Low Vacuum (for use in atmospheric pressures to 10⁻³ Torr)
- High Vacuum (preparation for environments from 10⁻³ to 10⁻⁶ Torr).

Special preparations include:

- Parts are lubricated with vacuum-compatible lubricants.
- Materials, fasteners, and coatings with vacuum outgas performance are ensured to be compatible with the specified level of vacuum.
- For high vacuum systems, situations that may allow gases to become temporarily trapped during pump down are removed.
- Prior to assembly, stage parts are thoroughly cleaned in a clean environment.
- The stage is packaged in a special polyethylene bag.

Vacuum Guidelines

To ensure that the stage will continue to perform well in the vacuum environment, follow the guidelines listed below (in addition to standard handling, installation, and lubrication guidelines outlined in this manual).

- 1. Do not remove the stage from its sealed bag until it is ready for use.
- 2. Always handle the stage in a clean environment and use powder-free polyethylene gloves to prevent any contaminants from adhering to the surface of the stage.
- 3. During installation, use cleaned, vented, stainless steel fasteners to secure the stage.
- 4. Reduced air pressure eliminates significant convective heat transfer. This, coupled with the viscous vacuum-compatible lubricants, could result in excessive motor operating temperatures. Because of this, consider all continuous torque ratings to be 40 to 60% lower than the value specified for operation in normal atmospheric environment. Reduce motor usage accordingly.
- 5. We recommend that you use a small quantity of Braycote® 602EF grease or a compatible substitute of equal quality lubricant in vacuum applications.
- 6. Bake vacuum components at 60 °C for 24 to 48 hours to significantly reduce outgassing at initial pump-down to vacuum pressure and evaporate water vapor that impregnates porous surfaces on the aluminum and Teflon cables. Aerotech recommends that customers bake out vacuum systems when first installing them in the vacuum chamber. Contact Aerotech to discuss your application and the recommended bakeout procedure.

Chapter 2: Installation



WARNING: ECO165SL installation must be in accordance to instructions provided by this manual and any accompanying documentation. Failure to follow these instructions could result in injury or damage to the equipment.

2.1. Unpacking and Handling the Stage

WARNING: **HEAVY!** It is the responsibility of the customer to safely and carefully lift and move the ECO165SL.

- Refer to Section 1.3. for stage mass specifications. Do not attempt to lift heavy loads single handed.
- Use care when you move the ECO165SL or you could negatively affect the performance of it.
- Lift this product only by the base.
- Use lifting hardware if it has been provided (refer to Figure 2-1).
- Use a cart, dolly, or similar device to move the stage to a new location.
- For multi-axis assemblies, always lift the system by the lower axis.
- Do not use the cables or the connectors to lift or move this product.
- Make sure that all moving parts are secure before you move the ECO165SL. Unsecured moving parts could shift and cause injury or damage to the equipment.

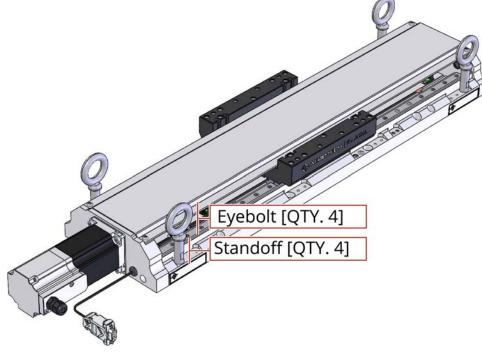
Carefully remove the stage from its protective shipping container. Gently set the stage on a smooth, flat, and clean surface. Use compressed nitrogen or clean, dry, oil-free air to remove any dust or debris that has collected during shipping.

Before you operate the stage, let it stabilize at room temperature for at least 12 hours. This will ensure that all of the alignments, preloads, and tolerances are the same as they were when they were tested at Aerotech.

Each stage has a label listing the system part number and serial number. These numbers contain information necessary for maintenance or system hardware and software updates. Locate this label and record the information for later reference.

Lifting Features

The lifting kit includes four eyebolts and four standoffs. Thread the eyebolts onto the standoffs and thread the standoffs into the stage base. Remove the lifting hardware by turning a wrench on the flats of the standoffs (see Figure 2-1). If the stage is part of a multi-axis system, the lifting hardware should be attached to the lower axis. The lifting hardware must be removed before the stage can be operated.





2.2. Dimensions

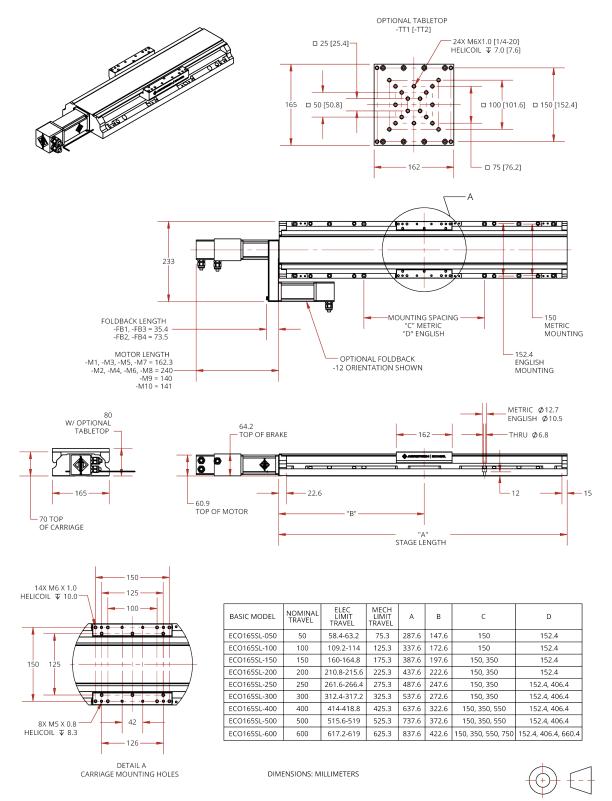


Figure 2-2: ECO165SL Dimensions

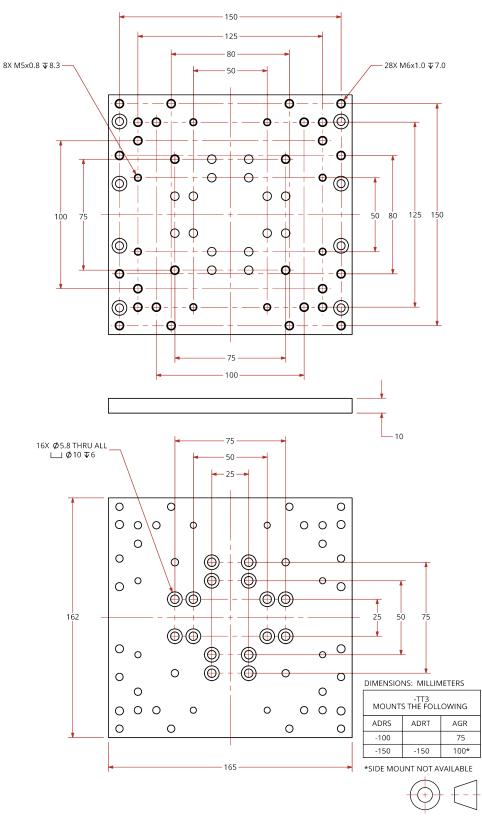
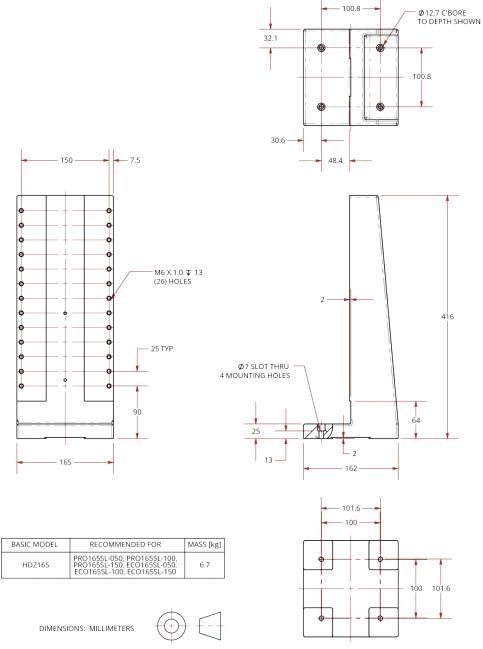


Figure 2-3: Tabletop Accessory Dimensions (-TT3 Option)





2.3. Securing the Stage to the Mounting Surface



WARNING: The stage must be mounted securely. Improper mounting can result in injury and damage to the equipment.



DANGER: PINCH POINT! Keep Hands Clear while the stage is in motion. Make sure that all moving parts are secure before you move the ECO165SL. Unsecured moving parts could shift and cause injury or damage to the equipment.

The mounting surface must be flat and have adequate stiffness to achieve the maximum performance from the stage. When it is mounted to a non-flat surface, the stage can be distorted while the mounting screws are tightened. This distortion will decrease overall accuracy. Adjustments to the mounting surface must be done before the stage is secured.

Inspect the mounting surface for dirt or unwanted residue and clean if necessary. Use precision flatstones on the mounting surface to remove any burrs or high spots. Clean the mounting surface with a lint-free cloth and acetone or isopropyl alcohol and allow the cleaning solvent to completely dry. Gently place the stage on the mounting surface.



IMPORTANT: The ECO165SL is precision machined and verified for flatness prior to product assembly at the factory. If machining is required to achieve the desired flatness, it should be performed on the mounting surface rather than the stage. Shimming should be avoided if possible. If shimming is required, it should be minimized to retain maximum rigidity of the system.

Table 2-1: Stage Mounting Surface Flatness Requirement

	0	0	
Stage Travel			Flatness Requirement
All Travels			7.5 μm

If necessary, manually move the stage table to access the mounting holes along the edges of the stage. This stage is designed to use socket head cap screws (SHCS) to secure the base to the mounting surface.

IMPORTANT: The stage table may offer a considerable amount of resistance when it is moved manually.

• If the stage is not connected to a power source, the stage should move freely by hand.

• Do not attempt to manually move the stage if it is connected to a power source or includes an integrated brake.

Tightening torque values for the mounting hardware are dependent on the properties of the surface to which the stage is being mounted. Values provided in Table 2-2 are typical values and may not be accurate for your mounting surface. Refer to Section 2.2. for mounting locations and dimensions.

Table 2-2: Stage to Mounting Surface Hardware

Mounting Hardware	Typical Screw Torque
M6 x 22 mm (or 1/4" x 7/8") SHCS with flat washers	7 N·m [5 ft·lb]

2.4. Attaching the Payload to the Stage

Inspect the mounting surface for dirt or unwanted residue and clean if necessary. Clean the mounting surface with a lint-free cloth and acetone or isopropyl alcohol and allow the cleaning solvent to completely dry. Gently place the stage on the mounting surface.

Use a representative payload during start-up to prevent accidental damage to the stage and the payload. Proceed with the electrical installation and test the motion control system in accordance with the system documentation. Document all results for future reference. For information on electrical installation refer to Chapter 3: Electrical Installation and the documentation delivered with the stage.



IMPORTANT: If your ECO165SL was purchased with Aerotech controls, it could have been tuned with a representative payload based on the information provided at the time of order. If you start the ECO165SL without a payload, the servo gains provided by Aerotech with the shipment may not be appropriate and servo instability can occur. Refer to the controller help file for tuning assistance.

The payload must be flat, rigid, and comparable to the stage in quality to maintain optimum performance.



IMPORTANT: For valid system performance, the mounting interface should be flat within 12 μ m.



WARNING: If the screw extends through the stage table it could affect travel and damage the stage. Refer to the dimensions in Section 2.2. for maximum allowable thread engagement.

Applied loads should be symmetrically distributed whenever possible. The payload should be centered on the stage table and the entire stage should be centered on the support structure.

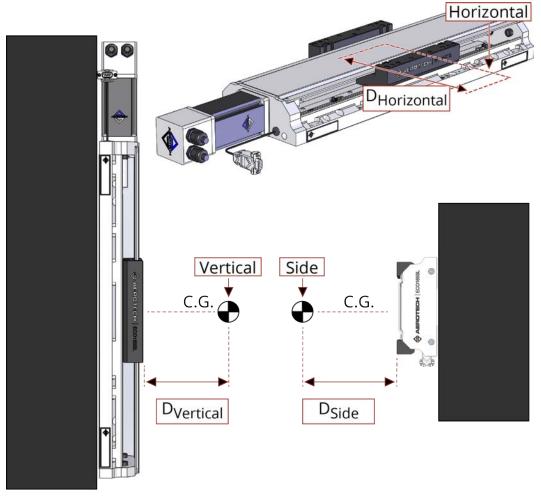
For a cantilevered load, first determine if it is a **Vertical**, **Horizontal**, or a **Side** cantilever system (refer to Figure 2-5).

The **Vertical** curve is for situations where the stage is mounted in a vertical orientation and the payload is mounted to the table top with its center of gravity extended outward in a direction normal to the tabletop surface. Refer to Figure 2-7 or Figure 2-8 for torque requirements on a vertical orientation.

The **Horizontal** curve assumes a horizontal stage orientation with the payload offset extending outwards along the surface of the tabletop.

The **Side** curve is for situations where the stage is mounted on its side and the offset load extends outwards in a direction normal to the tabletop surface.

Measure the cantilever length, then find the corresponding load value from Figure 2-6.





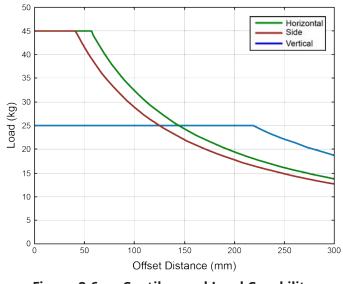


Figure 2-6: Cantilevered Load Capability

The approximate amount of torque required to turn the ball screw of ECO165SL series stages can be found from Figure 2-8 or the following equation:

 $Torque_{REQ} = \frac{(AxialLoad) \times (LeadofScrew)}{2 \times \pi \times (Efficiency)}$

Figure 2-7: Load Torque Equation

For ECO165SL series stages, the ball screw efficiency is rated at 90% (0.90). Refer to Section 1.3. for Load Capacity specifications.

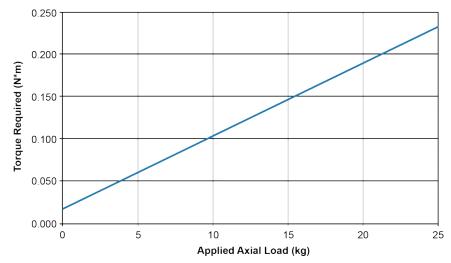


Figure 2-8: Torque Required to Turn Ball Screw in Vertical Orientation

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Chapter 3: Electrical Installation

DANGER: To decrease the risk of electrical shock, injury, death, and damage to the equipment, obey the precautions that follow.

- Restrict access to the ECO165SL when it is connected to a power source.
- Do not connect or disconnect electrical components, wires, and cables while this product is connected to a power source.
- Before you do maintenance to the equipment, disconnect the electrical power.
- Uncouple or otherwise prevent motor-coupled machinery movement when you do service to the equipment.
- Make sure that all components are grounded correctly and that they obey the local electrical safety requirements.
- Make sure that the motor frame is safety grounded with a conductor equal in size to the phase conductors.
- The drive must contain a properly-sized fuse, matched to the motor cable wire size.
- Supply each operator with the necessary protection from live electrical circuits.



WARNING: Applications that require access to the ECO165SL must be restricted to qualified and trained personnel. The system integrator or qualified installer is responsible for determining and meeting all safety and compliance requirements when they integrate the ECO165SL into a completed system.

Electrical installation requirements will depend on the ordered product options. Installation instructions in this section are for Aerotech stages equipped with standard Aerotech motors intended for use with an Aerotech motion control system. Contact Aerotech for further information on products that are otherwise configured.

Aerotech motion control systems are adjusted at the factory for optimum performance. When the ECO165SL is part of a complete Aerotech motion control system, setup should only require that you connect the stage to the appropriate drive chassis with the cables provided. Labels on the system components should indicate the appropriate connections.

If system level integration was purchased, an electrical drawing that shows the system interconnects has been supplied with the system (separate from this documentation).

The electrical wiring from the motor and encoder are integrated at the factory. Refer to the sections that follow for standard motor wiring and connector pinouts.

3.1. Motor and Feedback Connectors

Stages equipped with standard motors and encoders come from the factory completely wired and assembled.



IMPORTANT: Refer to the other documentation accompanying your Aerotech equipment. Call your Aerotech representative if there are any questions on system configuration.



IMPORTANT: If using standard Aerotech motors and cables, motor and encoder connection adjustments are not required.

The protective ground connection of the ECO165SL provides motor frame ground protection only. Additional grounding and safety precautions are required for applications requiring access to the stage while it is energized. The System Integrator or qualified installer is responsible for determining and meeting all safety and compliance requirements necessary for the integration of this stage into the final application.



DANGER: The protective ground connection must be properly installed to minimize the possibility of electric shock.



DANGER: The stage controller must provide over-current and over-speed protection. Failure to do so could cause electric shock or damage to the equipment.

Table 3-1:Brushless Motor Connector Pinout [-M1 to -M8]

Pin	Description	Connector
Case	Shield Connection	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right)$
A1	Motor Phase A	
A2	Motor Phase B	
A3	Motor Phase C	
1	Reserved	
2	Reserved	s ه
3	Reserved	
4	Reserved	≨_
5	Reserved	
A4	Frame Ground (motor protective ground)	

Table 3-2: Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Brushless Motor Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
Backshell	ECK00656	Amphenol #17E-1726-2
Sockets [QTY. 4]	ECK00659	ITT Cannon #DM53744-6
Connector	ECK00657	ITT Cannon #DBM9W4SA197

Table 3-3: Stepper Motor Connector Pinout [-M9 and -M10]

Pin	Description	Connector
A1	Motor Phase A	$\bigcap_{i=1}^{n}$
A2	Motor Phase B	
A3	Motor Phase A Return	P∃ ●
1	Brake - (with Brake Option)	
2	Brake + (with Brake Option)	5
3	Reserved	₩ 4
4	Frame Ground (motor protective ground)	G ● R
5	Frame Ground (motor protective ground)	
A4	Motor Phase B Return	

Table 3-4: Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Stepper Motor Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
Backshell	ECK00656	Amphenol #17E-1726-2
Sockets [QTY. 4]	ECK00659	ITT Cannon #DM53744-6
Connector	ECK00657	ITT Cannon #DBM9W4SA197

Pin	Description	Connector
Case	Shield Connection	
1	Reserved	
2	BMS Motors: Over-Temperature Thermistor Sensor	
2	BM Motors: Reserved	
3	5V Power Supply Input	
4	Reserved	
5	Hall Effect Sensor (Phase B)	\bigcirc
6	MRK- (Encoder Marker-)	\bigcirc
7	MRK+ (Encoder Marker+)	14 01
8	Reserved	
9	Reserved	
10	Hall Effect Sensor (Phase A)	
11	Hall Effect Sensor (Phase C)	0
12	Reserved	
13	Reserved	
15	Brake - (with Brake Option)	
14	COS+ (Encoder Cosine+)	
15	COS- (Encoder Cosine-)	© 0
16	Reserved	● 25 ●13
17	SIN+ (Encoder Sine+)	25 010
18	SIN- (Encoder Sine-)	
19	Reserved	
20	Common ground	
21	Common ground	
22	Reserved	
23	Reserved	
24	Reserved	
25	Reserved	
25	Brake + (with Brake Option)	

Table 3-5: Brushless Motor Feedback Connector Pinout [-M1 to -M8]

Table 3-6: Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Brushless Motor Feedback Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
25-Socket D-Connector	ECK00300	FCI DB25S064TLF
Backshell	ECK00656	Amphenol 17E-1726-2

Pin	Description	Connector
Case	Shield Connection	
1	Reserved	
2	Reserved	
3	5V Power Supply Input	
4	Reserved	
5	Reserved	
6	MRK- (Encoder Marker-)	\bigcirc
7	MRK+ (Encoder Marker+)	14 1
8	Reserved	
9	Reserved	
10	Reserved	© 0
11	Reserved	
12	Reserved	
13	Reserved	
14	COS+ (Encoder Cosine+)	
15	COS- (Encoder Cosine-)	
16	5V Power Supply Input	
17	SIN+ (Encoder Sine+)	● ● 13
18	SIN- (Encoder Sine-)	[●] 25 ●13
19	Reserved	\sim
20	Common	
21	Common	
22	Reserved	
23	Reserved	
24	Reserved	
25	Reserved	

Table 3-7: Stepper Motor Feedback Connector Pinout [-M9 and -M10]

 Table 3-8:
 Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Stepper Motor Feedback Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
25-Socket D-Connector	ECK00300	FCI DB25S064TLF
Backshell	ECK00656	Amphenol 17E-1726-2

Table 3-9:Limit Connector Wiring

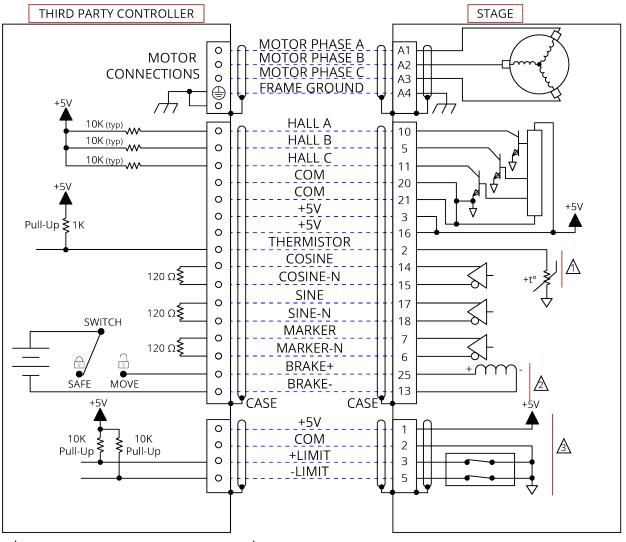
Pin	Description	Limits Connector
Case	Shield Connection	
1	5V Power Supply Limit Input	
2	Limit Common	
3	+Limit/CW (Positive/Clockwise Travel Limit)	6 1 Feedback
4	Home Limit	
5	-Limit/CCW (Negative/Counterclockwise Limit)	
6	Reserved	9° ₅
7	Common ground	
8	Reserved	Limits
9	Reserved	

Table 3-10: Mating Connector Part Numbers for the Limit Connector

Mating Connector	Aerotech P/N	Third Party P/N
9-Pin D-Connector	ECK00340	FCI DE09S064TLF
Backshell	ECK01021	Amphenol 17E-1724-2

3.2. Motor and Feedback Wiring

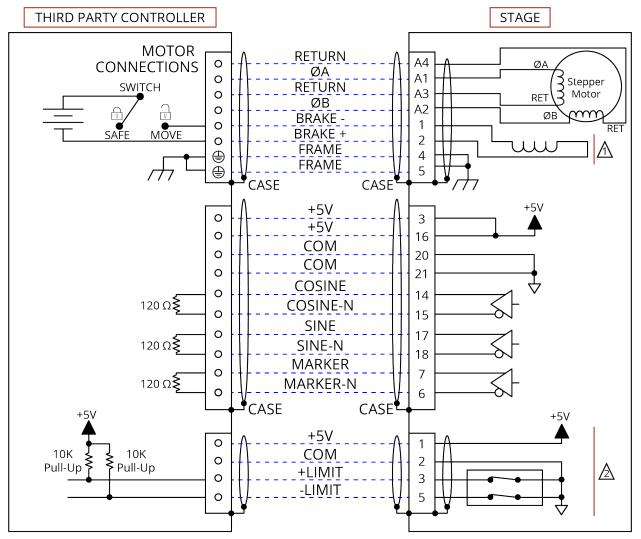
Shielded cables are required for the motor and feedback connections.



 A
 Thermistor is only available on BMS motors.
 A
 Limit options are factory-configured as normally closed or normally open.

 A
 Brake is optional.





 \bigwedge For motors with a brake option.

Limit options are factory-configured as normally closed [-LI1] or normally open [-LI2].

Figure 3-2: Stepper Motor and Feedback Wiring [-M9 and -M10 Options]

3.3. Motor and Feedback Specifications

Table 3-11: Hall-Effect Sensor Specifications (BM or BMS Motor Options)

	Specification
Supply Voltage	5 V ±5%
Supply Current	50 mA
Output Type	Open Collector
Output Voltage	24 V max (pull up)
Output Current	5 mA (sinking)

Table 3-12: Thermistor Specifications (BMS Motor Options)

	Specification
Polarity	Logic "0" (no fault)
FoldTity	Logic "1" (over-temperature fault)
Cold Resistance	~100 Ω
Hot Resistance	~10 K
Note: 1K pull-up to +5V recommended.	

Table 3-13: Encoder Specifications

	Specification	
Supply Voltage	5 V ±5%	
Supply Current	250 mA (typical)	
Output Signals	Sinusoidal Type (Incremental Encoder) : 1 V _{pk-pk} into 120 Ω Load (differential signals SIN+, SIN-, COS+, COS- are .5 V _{pk-pk} relative to ground.)	
	Digital Output (Incremental Encoder): RS422/485 compatible	

Table 3-14: Limit Switch Specifications

	-LI1 Option	-LI2 Option
Supply Voltage	5 V	5 V
Supply Current	25	mA
Output Type	Open C	ollector
Output Voltage	5 V	5 V
Output Current	10 mA (sinking)	10 mA (sinking)
	Normally Closed (NC)	Normally Open (NO)
Output Polarity (Factory Configured)	 Sinks current to ground (Logic "0") when not in limit High impedance (Logic "1") when in limit Requires external pull-up to +5 V (10 kΩ recommended) 	 Sinks current to ground (Logic "0") when in limit High impedance (Logic "1") when not in limit Requires external pull-up to +5 V (10 kΩ recommended)
	riven beyond the electrical limit, it will encounter se damage to the stage even at low speeds.	er a mechanical stop. Impacting the

Table 3-15: Brake Specifications

	Specification
Supply Voltage	24 VDC
Supply Current (typical)	250 mA (current required to release the brake and allow motion)

Table 3-16:	ECO165SL	Motor	Specifications	(BMS100)

		BMS100
Performance Specifications ^(1, 5)		
Stall Torque, Continuous ⁽²⁾	N·m (oz∙in)	0.56 (80.0)
Peak Torque ⁽³⁾	N⋅m (oz⋅in)	2.26 (320.0)
Rated Power Output, Continuous	W	133
Electrical Specifications ⁽⁵⁾		
Winding Designation		-A
BEMF Constant (Line-Line, Max)	V _{pk} /k _{rpm}	40.0
Continuous Current, Stall ⁽²⁾	A _{pk} (A _{rms})	2.1 (1.5)
Peak Current, Stall ⁽³⁾	A _{pk} (A _{rms})	8.4 (5.9)
	N·m/A _{pk}	0.270
Torque Constant ^(4, 8)	(oz∙in/A _{pk})	(38.10)
Torque Constant (199	N⋅m/A _{rms}	0.380
	(oz∙in/A _{rms})	(53.90)
Motor Constant ^(2, 4)	N·m/√W	0.076
Motor Constant V	(oz∙in/√W)	(10.74)
Resistance, 25°C (Line-Line)	Ω	12.90
Inductance (Line-Line)	mH	2.40
Maximum Bus Voltage	V _{DC}	340
Thermal Resistance	°C/W	1.35
Number of Poles		8

2. Values shown @ 75°C rise above a 25 °C ambient temperature, with housed motor mounted to a 250 mm x 250 mm x 6 mm aluminum heat sink

3. Peak torque assumes correct rms current; consult Aerotech

4. Force constant and motor constant specified at stall

5. All performance and electrical specifications $\pm 10\%$

6. Maximum winding temperature is 100 °C (thermistor trips at 100 °C)

7. Ambient operating temperature range 0 °C - 25 °C; consult Aerotech for performance in elevated ambient temperatures

8. All Aerotech amplifiers are rated Apk; use torque constant in N·m/Apk when sizing

Table 3-17: ECO165SL Motor Specifications (BM130)

		BM130
Performance Specifications ^(1,2)		
Stall Torque, Continuous ⁽³⁾	N·m (oz∙in)	1.02 (144.0)
Peak Torque ⁽⁴⁾	N·m (oz∙in)	2.50 (361.0)
Rated Power Output, Continuous	W	333
Electrical Specifications ⁽²⁾		
BEMF Constant (Line-Line, Max)	V _{pk} /k _{rpm}	19.0
Continuous Current, Stall ⁽³⁾	A _{pk} (A _{rms})	6.9 (4.9)
Peak Current, Stall ⁽⁴⁾	A _{pk} (A _{rms})	17.3 (12.2)
	N·m/A _{pk}	0.15
Terreus Constant (5)	(oz·in/A _{pk})	(20.9)
Torque Constant ⁽⁵⁾	N·m/A _{rms}	0.21
	(oz∙in/A _{rms})	(29.6)
Motor Constant ^(3,5)	N·m/√W	0.101
Motor Constant (3,3)	(oz∙in/√W)	(14.30)
Resistance, 25°C (Line-Line)	Ω	2.00
Inductance (Line-Line)	mH	3.52
Maximum Bus Voltage	V _{DC}	340
Thermal Resistance	°C/W	1.04
Number of Poles		8

1. Performance is dependent upon heat sink configuration, system cooling conditions, and ambient temperature

2. All performance and electrical specifications ±10%

3. Values shown @ 105°C rise above a 25 °C ambient temperature, with housed motor mounted to a 250 mm x 250 mm x 6 mm aluminum heat sink

4. Peak torque assumes correct rms current; consult Aerotech

5. Torque constant and motor constant specified at stall

6. Maximum winding temperature is 130 °C

7. Ambient operating temperature range 0 °C - 25 °C; consult Aerotech for performance in elevated ambient temperatures

8. All Aerotech amplifiers are rated Apk; use torque constant in N·m/Apk when sizing

Table 3-18: ECO165SL Motor Specifications (SM100-VT2)

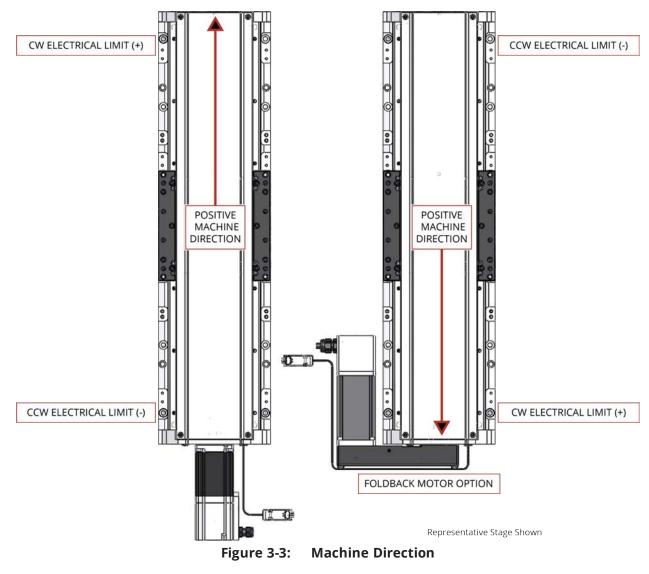
	SM100-VT2
NEMA Motor Frame Size	NEMA 23
Stall Torque	2.50 N·m (354 oz·in)
Rated Phase Current	0.99 A
Maximum Voltage Across the Motor	160 V
Determine with	5.21E-05 kg·m ²
Rotor Inertia	(0.0074 oz·in·s²)
Full Step Angle	1.8°
Accuracy	±0.09°
Maximum Radial Load	7.7 kg (17 lb)
Maximum Thrust Load	1.5 kg (3.4 lb)
Weight	1.2 kg (2.6 lb)

Table 3-19: Rotary Encoder Specifications for ECO165SL Stages

Encoder Option	Fundamental Signal Period	Digital Resolution
-M1, -M2, -M5, -M6	2 µm	0.5 µm
(2500 line TTL signal)	- p	oto pitt
-M3, -M4, -M7, -M8	5 µm	
(1000 line 1Vpp Amplified Sine signal)	Sμm	
-M3, -M4, -M7, -M8 with 1000x Interpolation ⁽¹⁾ (1000 line 1Vpp Amplified Sine signal)	5 µm	5 nm
-M3, -M4, -M7, -M8 with 4000x Interpolation ⁽¹⁾ (1000 line 1Vpp Amplified Sine signal)	5 µm	1.25 nm
1. Quadrature decoding included in interpolated resolution calculations		

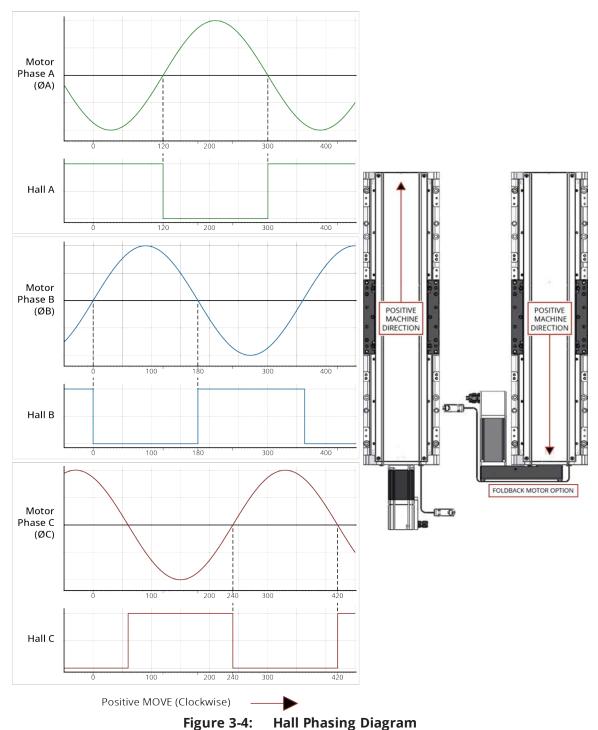
3.4. Limits, Marker, and Machine Direction

Aerotech stages are configured to have positive and negative "machine" directions. The machine direction defines the phasing of the feedback and motor signals and is dictated by the stage wiring (refer to Section 3.2.). Programming direction of a stage is set by the controller that is used to move the stage. Programming direction is typically selectable in the controller, while machine direction is hardwired in the stage. Figure 3-3 shows the machine direction of ECO165SL stages.



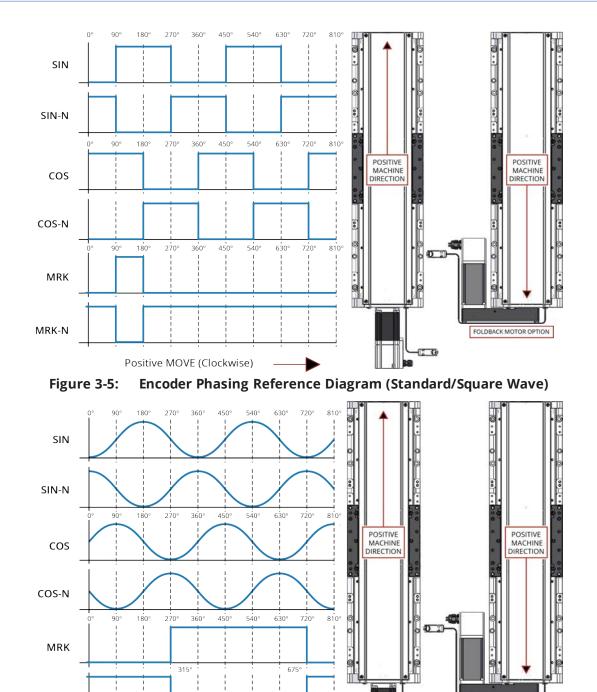
3.5. Motor and Feedback Phasing

Motor phase voltage is measured relative to the virtual wye common point.



FOLDBACK MOTOR OPTION

0



Positive MOVE (Clockwise) **Encoder Phasing Reference Diagram (Analog/Sine Wave)** Figure 3-6:

MRK-N

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Chapter 4: Maintenance

DANGER: To decrease the risk of electrical shock, injury, death, and damage to the equipment, obey the precautions that follow.



- Do not connect or disconnect electrical components, wires, and cables while this product is connected to a power source.
- Before you do maintenance to the equipment, disconnect the electrical power.
- Uncouple or otherwise prevent motor-coupled machinery movement when you do service to the equipment.



IMPORTANT: Keep the bearing area free of foreign matter and moisture or the performance and life expectancy of the stage will be reduced.

4.1. Service and Inspection Schedule

Inspect the ECO165SL at least once per month. The need for a longer or shorter inspection interval will depend on the application and conditions, such as the duty cycle, speed, and environment.

Monthly inspections should include but not be limited to:

- Visually inspect the stage and cables.
- Re-tighten loose connectors.
- Replace or repair damaged cables.
- Clean the ECO165SL and any components and cables as needed.
- Repair any damage before operating the ECO165SL.
- Inspect and perform an operational check on all safeguards and protective devices.

4.2. Cleaning and Lubrication



DANGER: Before you do maintenance to the equipment, disconnect the electrical power.

In general, if the stage operates in a clean environment, it should be cleaned and lubricated annually or every 500 km (whichever comes first). For stages that are operated under conditions with excessive debris, the stage should be cleaned every six months. For high-speed applications (those near max speed at a duty cycle of 50%), more frequent maintenance with standard lubricants will be required.

When you clean and/or lubricate components of the ECO165SL series stage:

- 1. Be sure to use a clean, dry, soft, lint-free cloth for cleaning.
- 2. Before you use a cleaning solvent on any part of the stage, blow away small particles and dust with clean, dry, compressed air.
- 3. Take the opportunity during the lubrication procedure to inspect the motion guides or bearings for any damage or signs of wear.
- 4. In applications that have multiple stages bolted together to form multi-axis systems, the orthogonality may be lost if the stage tables of the support stages are loosened. Precision aligned stages should not be loosened or disassembled.
- 5. We recommend that you do not disassemble the stage beyond the instructions given in this manual. Proper assembly and calibration can only be done at the factory. Contact Aerotech for more information.

For stages equipped with foldback motors, you should check the belt tension when you clean or lubricate the stage. Refer to Section 4.4.

Cleaning

Use isopropyl alcohol if you must use a solvent to clean the stage. Harsher solvents, such as acetone, could damage the plastic and rubber seals on the ball screw and bearing trucks.



WARNING: Make sure that all solvent has completely evaporated before you move the stage.

Lubrication

You should only use Kluberplex BEM 34-132 as the standard lubricant for ECO165SL stages.

If the application process uses only a small portion of travel for most of the duty cycle, periodically drive the stage through full travel to redistribute the lubrication in the bearings.

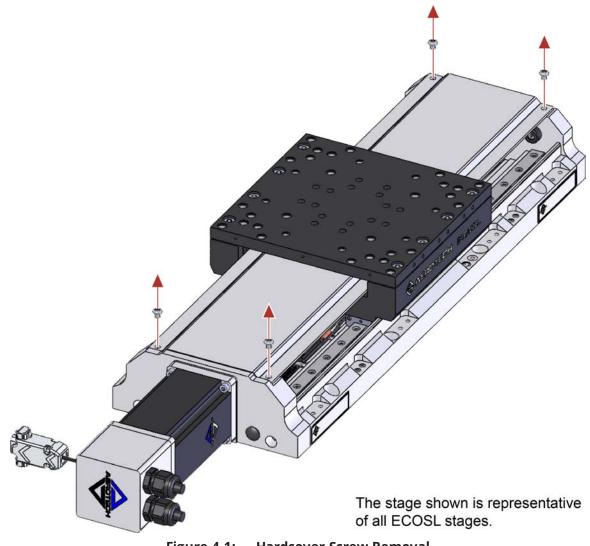


IMPORTANT: During the lubrication procedure, inspect the bearings and ball screw for any damage or signs of wear.

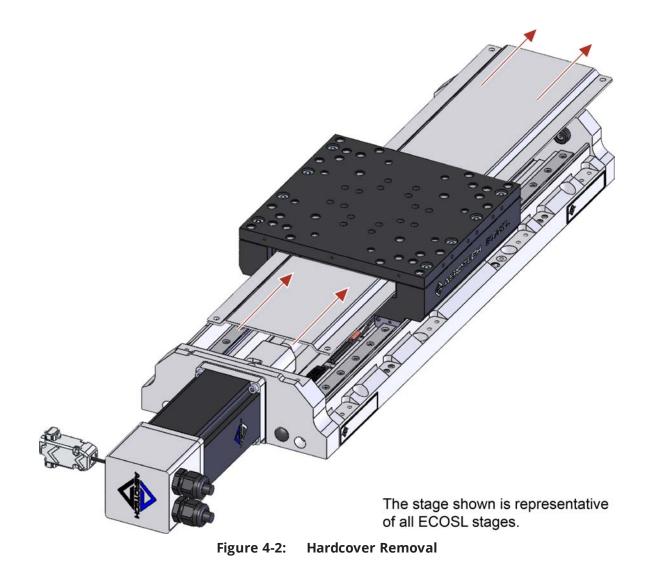


DANGER: Use extreme caution when you operate the stage without the hardcover.

- 1. Drive the stage table to one end of travel and remove power to the stage.
- 2. Remove the screws on the edges of the hardcover (Figure 4-1) and slide it out from under the stage (Figure 4-2). This can be done without removing the table.
- 3. Remove any accumulated dust or debris from the inside of the assembly.
- 4. Remove any dirty or dried lubricant from the ball screw.
- Use a clean, lint-free cloth with a side-to-side motion.
- Use a swab soaked in Isopropyl Alcohol to remove stubborn debris.
- 5. Move the stage to the opposite end of travel. If the stage has an optional brake, the stage cannot be moved by hand.
- If the stage has a brake: restore power to the stage, drive it to the desired position, then remove power
- Redo Steps 3 and 4 for any areas covered by the previous table position.
- 6. Clean the end of the ball-screw nut and wiper with a clean, lint-free cloth or swab.
- 7. Clean the linear bearing guides with a clean, lint-free cloth or swab.
- 8. Apply a thin, continuous film of lubricant to the ball-screw threads and linear bearing guides. Aerotech recommends that you use a good quality, natural bristle artist's brush.
- 9. Move the stage to the opposite end of travel. If the stage has an optional brake, the stage cannot be moved by hand.
- If the stage has a brake: restore power to the stage, drive it to the desired position, then remove power.
- Redo Steps 6 through 8 for any areas covered by the previous table position.
- 10. Refasten the hardcover.
- 11. Restore power to the stage and drive the stage table back to its original position to redistribute lubricants.







4.3. Motor Mounting

DANGER: To decrease the risk of electrical shock, injury, death, and damage to the equipment, obey the precautions that follow.

- Do not connect or disconnect electrical components, wires, and cables while this product is connected to a power source.
- Before you do maintenance to the equipment, disconnect the electrical power.
- Uncouple or otherwise prevent motor-coupled machinery movement when you do service to the equipment.

Table 4-1:Hardware Requirements

Motor Screw Size	Shaft Coupling Screw Size	Coupling Screw Bit Size	Coupling Screw Torque
M4	M2.5	2 mm Hex	7 in·lbs



IMPORTANT: Use Loctite 242 or Loctite 248 on the motor and coupling adapter hardware (Figure 4-3). Loctite products are printed with an expiration date. Before use, be sure that the expiration date is legible and the product has not expired.

If your stage is used in a vacuum or cleanroom environment, contact Aerotech.

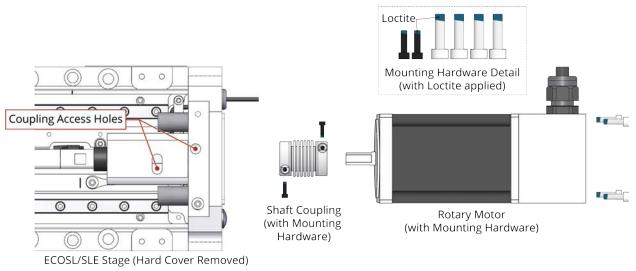
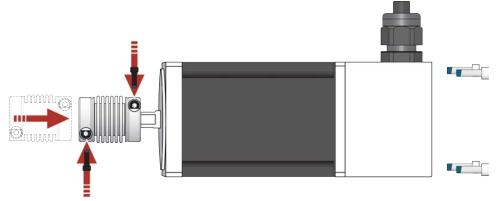


Figure 4-3: Motor Mounting Overview

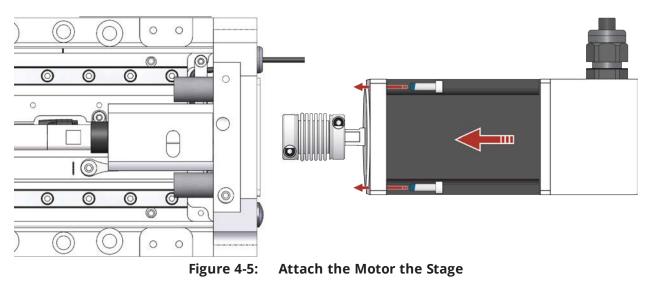
How to Mount a Motor

- 1. Remove the hard cover from the stage.
- 2. Locate the Shaft Coupling access holes (refer to Figure 4-3).
- 3. Test fit the Motor and Shaft Coupling to the Stage to ensure that you have access to the Shaft Coupling clamp screws.
- 4. Apply a small quantity of either Loctite 242 or Loctite 248 to motor and coupling hardware.
- 5. Attach the Shaft Coupling to the Motor shaft (refer to Figure 4-4). Refer to Table 4-1 for the correct hardware and torque requirements.





6. Attach the Motor to the Stage in the correct orientation (Figure 4-5). Use a hex wrench to ensure that the motor flange is fully seated and the hardware is tight. The motor housing prevents the use of a torque wrench.



7. Tighten the Shaft Coupling to the drive screw (Figure 4-6). Refer to Table 4-1 for the correct hardware and torque requirements.

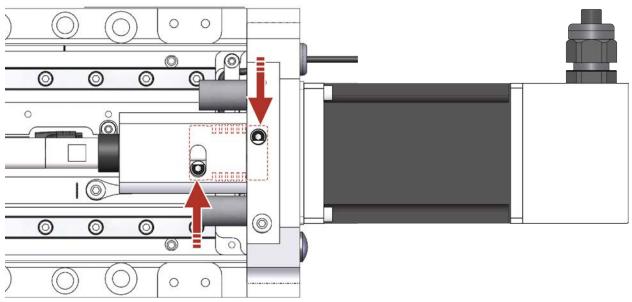


Figure 4-6: Tighten the Shaft Coupling to the Drive Screw

8. Rotate the drive screw by hand to ensure that the drive screw rotates freely.



IMPORTANT: You must reapply Loctite to the mounting hardware if the Motor or Shaft Coupling screws are removed, adjusted, loosened, or replaced.

4.4. Belt Adjustment

This section applies to stages equipped with foldback motor options. On foldback stages, the motor torque is transferred to the ball screw via a timing belt. Belt tension is critical to stage performance and accuracy.

Check the belt tension when you clean or lubricate the stage. Deflection in the belt should be within $\pm 10\%$ of 1.5 mm when applying a 5 N downward force directly between the pulleys. If the deflection exceeds this value, you will need to adjust the belt tension.

You will also need to apply lubricant to the inside flanges of the pulleys if the flanges are dry. The flanges should have a thin film of lubricant to reduce belt wear as the belt contacts the flanges. Use Parker Super O-Lube (silicone-based) for standard polyurethane belts.

Belt Tension Adjustment Procedure

- 1. Remove power to the stage.
- 2. Remove the four mounting screws for the foldback cover (Figure 4-7).
- 3. Check that the pulleys are tight on their respective shafts (Figure 4-8).
 - a. Each pulley is held in position with two set screws.
 - b. Ensure that the set screws are tight and centered over the shaft flats.
- 4. Check the tension in the belt to determine if adjustment is necessary.
- 5. If adjustment is required, loosen (but do not remove) the mounting screws for the idler pulley mounting bracket.
- 6. Remove the M4 set screw to gain access to the tapped hole above the idler pulley mounting bracket.
- 7. Insert an M4 screw or threaded stud long enough to contact the idler pulley mounting bracket.
- 8. Use the threaded stud to drive the idler pulley mounting bracket downward and increase belt tension.
- 9. Tighten the mounting screws for the idler pulley mounting bracket.
- 10. Measure the belt deflection again and repeat the previous steps until the belt tension adjustment is complete.
- 11. Check the pulley flanges for lubrication.
- 12. Add small amounts of Parker Super O-Lube lubricant around the circumference of both pulley flanges (Figure 4-9).
- 13. Replace the foldback cover and mounting screws.
- 14. Restore power to the stage and resume normal use.

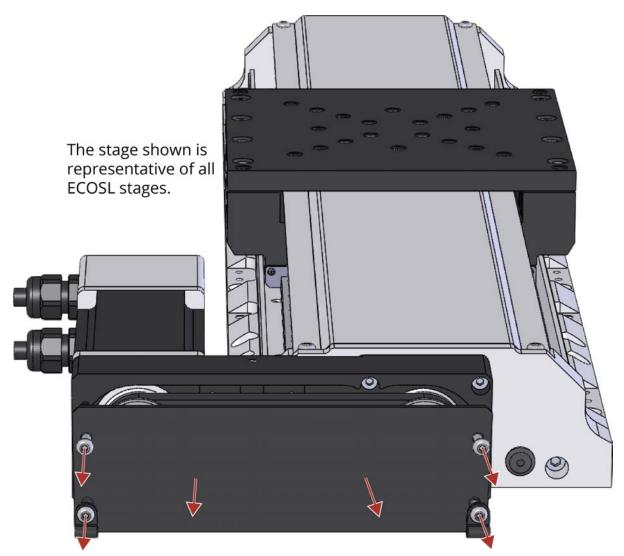
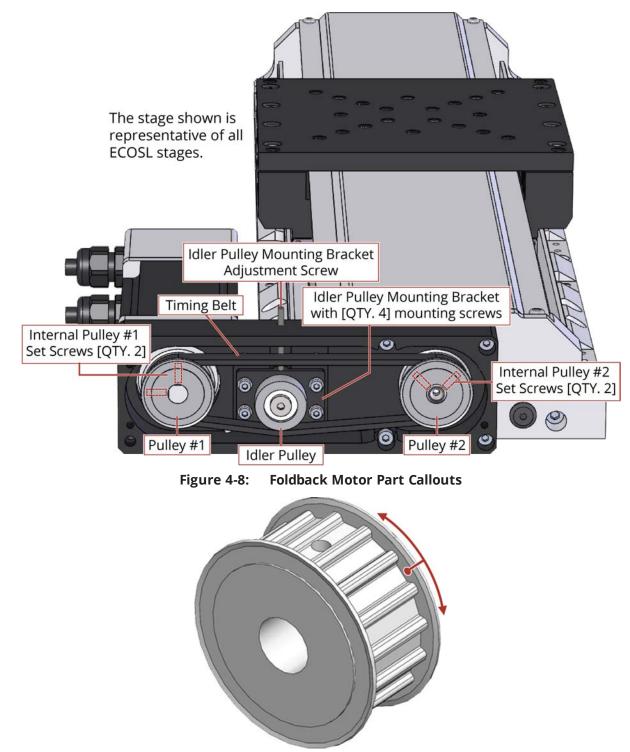


Figure 4-7: Foldback Motor Cover Removal



IMPORTANT: If the stage has been calibrated (-PL2 option), note the orientation of the two pulleys with regard to each other or recalibration might be required.





4.5. Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Cause and Solution
	Brake not released (if equipped with brake; refer to stage documentation).
Stage will not move	In Limit condition. Check limits (refer to Chapter 3: Electrical Installation) and refer to the Controller documentation for polarity and compatibility requirements (Example: voltage requirements).
	Controller trap or fault (refer to the Controller documentation).
Stage moves	Encoder (sine and cosine) signal connections (refer to Chapter 3: Electrical Installation and Controller documentation).
uncontrollably	Motor Connections (refer to Chapter 3: Electrical Installation and the Controller documentation).
Stage oscillates or	Gains misadjusted (refer to the Controller documentation).
squeals	Encoder signals (refer to the Controller documentation).

Appendix A: Warranty and Field Service

Aerotech, Inc. warrants its products to be free from harmful defects caused by faulty materials or poor workmanship for a minimum period of one year from date of shipment from Aerotech. Aerotech's liability is limited to replacing, repairing or issuing credit, at its option, for any products that are returned by the original purchaser during the warranty period. Aerotech makes no warranty that its products are fit for the use or purpose to which they may be put by the buyer, whether or not such use or purpose has been disclosed to Aerotech in specifications or drawings previously or subsequently provided, or whether or not Aerotech's products are specifically designed and/or manufactured for buyer's use or purpose. Aerotech's liability on any claim for loss or damage arising out of the sale, resale, or use of any of its products shall in no event exceed the selling price of the unit.

THE EXPRESS WARRANTY SET FORTH HEREIN IS IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, BY OPERATION OF LAW OR OTHERWISE. IN NO EVENT SHALL AEROTECH BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Return Products Procedure

Claims for shipment damage (evident or concealed) must be filed with the carrier by the buyer. Aerotech must be notified within thirty (30) days of shipment of incorrect material. No product may be returned, whether in warranty or out of warranty, without first obtaining approval from Aerotech. No credit will be given nor repairs made for products returned without such approval. A "Return Materials Authorization (RMA)" number must accompany any returned product(s). The RMA number may be obtained by calling an Aerotech service center or by submitting the appropriate request available on our website (www.aerotech.com). Products must be returned, prepaid, to an Aerotech service center (no C.O.D. or Collect Freight accepted). The status of any product returned later than thirty (30) days after the issuance of a return authorization number will be subject to review.

Visit Global Technical Support Portal for the location of your nearest Aerotech Service center.

Returned Product Warranty Determination

After Aerotech's examination, warranty or out-of-warranty status will be determined. If upon Aerotech's examination a warranted defect exists, then the product(s) will be repaired at no charge and shipped, prepaid, back to the buyer. If the buyer desires an expedited method of return, the product(s) will be shipped collect. Warranty repairs do not extend the original warranty period.

Fixed Fee Repairs - Products having fixed-fee pricing will require a valid purchase order or credit card particulars before any service work can begin.

All Other Repairs - After Aerotech's evaluation, the buyer shall be notified of the repair cost. At such time the buyer must issue a valid purchase order to cover the cost of the repair and freight, or authorize the product(s) to be shipped back as is, at the buyer's expense. Failure to obtain a purchase order number or approval within thirty (30) days of notification will result in the product(s) being returned as is, at the buyer's expense.

Repair work is warranted for ninety (90) days from date of shipment. Replacement components are warranted for one year from date of shipment.

Rush Service

At times, the buyer may desire to expedite a repair. Regardless of warranty or out-of-warranty status, the buyer must issue a valid purchase order to cover the added rush service cost. Rush service is subject to Aerotech's approval.

On-site Warranty Repair

If an Aerotech product cannot be made functional by telephone assistance or by sending and having the customer install replacement parts, and cannot be returned to the Aerotech service center for repair, and if Aerotech determines the problem could be warranty-related, then the following policy applies:

Aerotech will provide an on-site Field Service Representative in a reasonable amount of time, provided that the customer issues a valid purchase order to Aerotech covering all transportation and subsistence costs. For warranty field repairs, the customer will not be charged for the cost of labor and material. If service is rendered at times other than normal work periods, then special rates apply.

If during the on-site repair it is determined the problem is not warranty related, then the terms and conditions stated in the following "On-Site Non-Warranty Repair" section apply.

On-site Non-Warranty Repair

If any Aerotech product cannot be made functional by telephone assistance or purchased replacement parts, and cannot be returned to the Aerotech service center for repair, then the following field service policy applies:

Aerotech will provide an on-site Field Service Representative in a reasonable amount of time, provided that the customer issues a valid purchase order to Aerotech covering all transportation and subsistence costs and the prevailing labor cost, including travel time, necessary to complete the repair.

Service Locations

http://www.aerotech.com/contact-sales.aspx?mapState=showMap

USA, CANADA, MEXICO Aerotech, Inc. Global Headquarters

TAIWAN Aerotech Taiwan Full-Service Subsidiary **CHINA** Aerotech China Full-Service Subsidiary

UNITED KINGDOM Aerotech United Kingdom Full-Service Subsidiary **GERMANY** Aerotech Germany Full-Service Subsidiary

Appendix B: Revision History

Revision	Description
2.00	New Section: Section 4.3. Motor Mounting
1.02	Dimensions updated: Section 2.2.
1.01	Product updates
1.00	New Manual

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